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February 13, 1810.

Just Published AT THE OFFICE OF THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE, THE KENTUCKY

ENGLISH GRAMMAR, OR NEW

GRAMMATICAL INSTITUTE; CONTAINING

A comprehensive system of English Grammar, in which the whole structure and essential principles of that most copious Language, according to the most approved modern standards, are concisely, yet completely exhibited, and explained in a manner intelligible to the and explained in a manner intelligible to the weakest capacities.

By SAMUEL WILSON,

PRICE 25 CENTS SINGLE-\$2 PER DOEN

JUST PUBLISHED, AND FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE, [PRICE 25 CENTS] ASERMON ON REGENERATION,

APOLOGY AND AN ADDRESS To the Synod of Kenktucky; TOGETHER WITH

AN APPENDIX.

BY T. B. CRAIGHEAD, A. B. V. D. M.

JUST PUBLISHED, AND FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE, BRADFORD'S KENTUCKY

ALMANAC,

For the year of our Lord 1810; CONTAINING,

The Lunations, Conjunctions and Eclipses; judgment of the weather; remarkable days and nights, together

The Lunations, Conjunctions and Eclipses; judgment of the weather; remarkable days and nights, together

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The Lunations, Conjunctions and Eclipses; judgment of the weather; remarkable days and nights, together markable days and nights, together with useful tables and recipes, and a great variety, of entertaing pieces, in prose, and verse.

JUST PUBLISHED, And for Sale at this Office, TWO SHORT CATECHISMS, (DOCTRINAL & HISTORICAL,)

Designed for the religious instruction of Chil dren in some of the most remarkable facts recorded in the Sacred Scriptures, and in the first principles of the Christian Religion BY JOHN ANDREWS.

Taken up by John Bobb, living near Lexington, a Brown Mare, four years old mext spring, 15 hands high, sway back, and hip shot, no brand, appraised to 30 dollars. Also one Iron Gray Filley, 2 years old last spring, 13 hands high, appraised to 20 dollars. Given under my hand this 28th December, 1809. John H. Morton.

Taken up by Absolam Corn liv ing in Montgomery county, on the waters of somersett, a SORREL MARE, about six years old next spring, about 14 hands high, has a star in the forehead, and small snip, some white hairs in her mane near the shoulders, her right hind foot white, and she has on a small bell, with a leathern collar fastened an iron buckel the bell has a small piece out of it, at the lower and, appraised to 30 dollars.

J. Payne, J. P. M. C.

March 6th, 1810

Taken up by Danl. T. Vaughen living on the waters of Big willow creek, 9 miles fi om Falmouth, a BAT HORSE, ten years old, four een hands and a half high, the near hind foot p wart white, long tail, much marked with the sa idle portmanteau and pad, shod all round, branded with a heart, appraised to 45 dollars, before me this 9th day of October, 1809. John Forcyth, J. p. P. c

Taken up by Timothy Marker, ing in Scott county, on south Elkhorn, one AT MARE, about eight years old, fifteen inds high, the near hind foot white, a dim star ther forehead, a natural pacer, appraised to

Lewis Nuckels, j. p. S. c. muary 12th, 1810.

JOSEPH H. HAWKINS

WILL hereafter Practice Law in the Montgomery Circuit Court.

TOHN F. BELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW. will punctually attend the courts of Fayette, Woodford and Scott. He resides in the upper corner house of the row fronting the south east end of the Court House, at Lexington.

JOSEPH HAMILTON DAVEISS, Attorney, will refume his practice—He resides in Lexington. All letters to him must be post-Feb'y. 15th, 1809.

> C. H. ALLEN ATTORNEY AT LAW. WILL PUNCTUALDIA.
> FAYETTE AND JESSAMINE.
> March 3d, 1810. WILL PUNCTUALLY ATTEND THE COURTS OF

DOCTOR BARRY

March 12th, 1810.

WOOL FACTORY.

DANIEL BRADFORD being about to com-mence the Carding and Spinning of Wool, will give CASH for any quantity of that article, deliered in Lexington-

He wishes to employ a man who understands the above business, to whom the highest wages will be given. Lexington, March 13, 1810.

All those indebted to the subscriber, either by bond, note, or book account, are earnestly requested to come forward and settle the same

before the 25th of next April. All those who do not avail themselves of this notice need expect no further indulgence : the subscriber having quit business wants to close all his accounts
tf. GEORGE ANDERSON.

THE IMPORTED HORSE



MAGIC,

S now at my farm, in Jessamine county, and will stand the ensuing season in Lexington, or Richmond, Madison county.

MAGIC was got by Volunteer, the sire of Spread Eagle, Stirling, Triunvir, Recruit, Commodore, &c. He is an elegant horse, of fine size—pedigree and performance will hereafter be detailed, and the price at which he will stand specified—which shall be lower than any horse of his rank has ever stood at in this state.

SAMUEL H. WOODSON SAMUEL H. WOODSON. Jan. 29th, 1810.

Wanted to contract for one thousand bushels Stone Coals, delivered at this place-Apply to Cuthbert Ban s. Lexington Nov. 28 1808.

Taken up by Andrew Scott of of Fayette county, on the waters of David's fork of Elkhorn near Troutman's mill, a dark brown filly, three years old next spring, supposed to be thirteen hands and a half high, not docked nor branded, some few white hairs in her forehead, rather lighter about her mouth and nose—appraised at fitteen dollars.

January 16th, 1810. Leonard Young, J. P.

Taken up by Meryman B. Curd, n Jessamine county, near Curd's ferry, a BAY HORSE, about eight years old, about 14 hands three inches high, star and snip in the forehead,

JANUARY 26, 1810. Taken up by Abraham Dale, in Woodford county, on the waters of Tanner's creek, one YELLOW BAY FILLY, two or three years old, thirteen and a half hands high, a star in the forehead and snip on the nose, both hind feet white. Appraised to fifteen dol

Fames Howard.

Taken up by William M'Hvain, in Woodford county, four miles from the court house, on the waters of Elkhorn, one BRIGHT BAY MARE with a star and snip, some white on the hind foot, with some saddle spots on her back, branded on the buttock supposed to be hus, G supposed to be twelve years old, thirteen hands three inches high. Appraised to 18 dollars before me this 1st day of January, 1810. H. Watkins, j. p.

I DO hereby forewarn all persons from tak ing an assignment on a bond given by me to Mr. John Berry, as I am determined not to pay it. I am ready to settle with said Berry agree-

E ESTACE, Madison county, March 16th, 1810.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Taken up by Thomas Boyd living on Hinkston, five miles north of Mount-sterling, one SORREL FILLY, two years old past, about thirteen hands one inch high, nei-ther docked nor branded, both hind feet white, small star in her forehead. Appraised to twen-

James Lane, J. P. M. C. December 7th, 1809.

Taken up in Clarke county, near Holder's Landing, by William Oldham, a SOR-REL MARE, five years old, thirteen hands high, blaze face, some saddle spots and some white hairs on her rump, no brand perceivable. Appraised to twenty dollars.

A. Christy, j. p. December 20, 1809.

Taken up by Nathaniel Drake, living in Jessamine county, a bay MARE, about 18 years old, with a star and snip, about 13 ½ hands high, the off hind foot white, no brands, has had the festula, appraised to 10 dollars. Given under my hand the 6th day of December,

John Lowry, j. p,

KEENE'S LIVERY STABLE.

THE public are respectfully informed, that those Stables are now occupied by the subscriber, who begs leave to assure them that he will at all times pay the most strict attention to horses left in his care—His extensive knowledge and known skil in horses, are sufficient to enure him the c stom of his friends.

RICHARDSON ALLEN. Lexington, Jan. 27, 1810.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

For Sale—the House and Lot at present occupied by the Rev. Adam Ran-kin, lying on Main Street. The Lot is 75 feet fronting on faid freet, and running back 160 feet to an alley. The House is 40 feet in length, of brick, two stories high, with a brick kitchen, smoke house, A part in cash, or negotiable paper at a short date, will be required, and a Has resumed the practice of Medicine in Lexington and its vicinity. He will be found at the Modern and its vicinity. He will be found at the Modern and its vicinity. He will be found at the Annual Modern and its value.

March 12th 1810 DANIEL BRADFORD. Lexington March 27.

> STATE OF KENTUCKY, MADISON COUNTY, Sct. MARCH TERM, 1810. George Cleveland, complainant,

> William Peak & Francis Hally, defendants.
> IN CHANCERY.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant William Peak is not an in-habitant of this common wealth, and he having ailed to enter his appearance herein agreeably to law and the rules of this court, therefore on the motion of said complainant by his counsel, it is ordered that the said absent defendant do appear here on or before the third day of the next August term of this court and answer the comlainant's bill, or on failure thereof, the same shall be taken as confessed against him, and it is ordered that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorized paper printed in this com-monwealth, eight weeks, agreeable to an act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

A copy.—Teste, CHRISTO.IRVINE, D. C M. C. C.

STATE OF KENTUCKY, MADISON COUNTY, Sct. MARCH TERM, 1810. John Harrison's Administrators, compl'ts,

against
William Peak and Francis Hally, def'ts.
IN CAANCERY.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant William Peak is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth, and he having failed to enter his appearance herein agreeable to law and the rules of this court; therefore on the motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered that the said absent defendant (William Peak) do appear here on or before the third day of the next August term of this court and answer the complainant's bill, or on failure thereof the same shall be taken as confessed against him and it is further ordered that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorized paper printed in this commonwealth eight weeks a-greeable to an act in such case made and pro-

> A copy-Teste, CHRISTO. IRVINE, D. C. M. C. C.

LL PERSONS are cautioned a-A LL PERSONS are taking an affignment on a note in the following words, as I have fully discharged the same, and can make it appear.
PHILIP WEBBER.

March 26th, 1810,

Due Saml. Hadley twenty-five dollars tive thereto, may be regulated by faid legislature.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That

Tesle, A. WEBBER. (a copy.)

MY WIFE Nancy has eloped my bed and board without any just cause, I therefore fore-warn all people from harbouring or crediting ner on my account as I am determined to pay no debts contracted by her.

HUGH M'NARY.

March 21, 1810.

FOR SALE, NE HUNDRED AND FIFTY ACRES OF FIRST

RATE LAND,

LYING about eight miles from Lexing ton, and one mile from the Walnut Hill meeting house, two never failing springs of excellent water, well timbered, about sixty acres of it cleared, with a good fra-med dwelling house two stories high, and a stone kitchen, other small buildings; a good bearing apple and peach orchard, a plenty of good stock water. Cash and likely young negroes will be taken in payment, and for further particulars apply

HUGH M'NARY. Fayette county, March 30, 1810. NOTICE.

AS HUGH M'NARY has forewarned all perfons from crediting or harbouring me on his account, I therefore, forewarn all persons from purchasing his property, as I am determined never to relinquish my right during life, and if he had treated me even with bumanity, and not have put me under the authority of his daughters, who, for nearly two years past have called themselves my mistresses, and who have acted in every respect as such, or rather as tyrants over me; I say if this had not been the case, which I can fully prove, I never should have left his house. NANCY M'NARY.

Lexington, April 2, 1810. [3t]

Taken up by Kitty Biers, living in Jessamine county, five miles from Nicholas ville, a Chesnut Sorrel Stud Colt, two years old past, no brands perceivable, fourteen hands high, appraised to \$12 before me,

Peter Highee.

December 12, 1809.

(By Authority.)

For the appointment of an additional judge and extending the right of suffrage to the citizens of Madison county, in the Mississippi territory.

Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the citizens of Madison county, in the Mississippi territory qualified according to law, be, and they are hereby authorifed to elect one representative to the general assembly of faid territory, and also to vote for one delegate from faid territory, to the Congress of the United Stetes, which election shall be held at the same time, and in the fame manner, as is or may be provided by law for the elections in the feveral

counties of faid territory.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That an additional Judge shall be appointed for the Mississippi territory who shall reside in said county of Madison, and have the fame compensation, which is by law allowed to the other judges of said territory, and shall possess and exercise the same powers and jurisdiction within said county, which are possesses and exercised in the county of Washington in said territory, county of Washington in said territory, by the judge appointed by virtue of an act, entitled "an act for the appointment of an additional judge for the Missifippi territory and for other purposes," passed the 27th of March, one thousand eight hundred and four. by the judge appointed by virtue of an act, entitled "an act for the appointment of an additional judge for the Miffifippi hundred and four.

washington and Madison, may be re-ex-amined and reversed or affirmed, by the superior court of Adams county in said States, eight hundred and fixty nine thoufaid superior court ; which faid superior lars. court is hereby empowered, upon the reverfal of any judgment or decree of faid courts of Washington and Madison counties, to render fuch judgment as the court from whence the cause may have been removed ought to have rendered; except where ajury may be requifite to try iffues three thousand, eight hundred and four or affes damages, in which cases the dollars. cause shall be remanded to the court where it originated; there to be proceeded in.
And faid fuperior court of Adams county
when fitting on the trial of any cause removed as aforesaid, shall be composed of

not less than two judges.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the legislature of faid territory shall have power and is hereby authorised to establish dollars. a fuperior court in each county, which has been or may be formed within the bounds which composed the former difen by the judge who holds the superior court of Washington county in said territory, which court and the courts of Madifon county, to be holden at fuch times and places as said legislature may direct. And all final judgments and decrees to be rendered by any superior court so established, may be re-examined and reversed or affirmed in the manner prescribed by the third fedion of this act; and the conditions on which any writ of error shall be obtained, and all other proceedings rela-

as witness my hand this roth day of Feb'y.

1807—also fifteen dollars due id. Hadley when collected out of a bond on William Ray which we are in partnership in fd. bond.

PHILIP WEBBER.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That to much of the act entitled "an act for the appointment of an additional judge for the Mississippi territory, and for other wise appropriated, bond.

PHILIP WEBBER.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That to much of the act entitled "an act for the feveral sums specifically appropriated by this act, shall be paid out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

I. B. VARNUM, Speaker of March, one thousand eight hundred and the structure of the second sums. four, as comes within the purview of this act, be and the same is hereby repealed.

J. B. VARNUM, Speaker of the house of Representatives. JOHN GAILLARD, Prestdent of the Senate pro tempore. March 2, 1810. APPROVED,

JAMES MADISON.

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the support of the Navy of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for defraying the expences of the navy of the United States, during the year one thoufand eight hundred and ten, the following fums be, and the lame are hereby respec-

tively appropriated, that is to fay;
For the pay and subfissance of the officers, and pay of the seamen, seven hundred and eighteen thousand, one hundred and fifteen dollars.

For provisions, three hundred and fifty three thousand, fix hundred and ten dollars and eighty four cents.

For medicines, instruments, and hospital stores, fixteen thousand dollars. For repairs of veffels, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

agents and other contingent expences, feventyfive thousand dollars. For pay and sublistance of the marine

For freight, flore rent, commissions to

corps, including provisions for those on shore, and forage for the staff, one hundred and forty thousand, one hundred and twenty one dollars and forty cents.

For cloathing for the fame, thirty eight thousand, three hundred and ninety four

dollars and feventy cents. For military stores for the same, one thousand three hundred and ninety-eight

dollars and feventy-five cents. For medicines, medical fervices, hospital stores, and all other expences on account of the fick belonging to the marine corps, two thousand dollars.

For quarter mafters' and barrack mafters' flores, oficers' travelling expences, armorers' and carpenters' bills, fuel, premiums for enlifting, mufical instruments, bounty of music, and other contingent expences of the marine corps, fifteen thoufand dollars.

the citizens of Madison county, in the Mississippi territory.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of pay of superintendants, store keepers, epresentatives of the United States. clerks and laborers, feventy-five thoufaird dollars.

> For ordnance and small arms, feventyfive thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the feveral fums specifically appropriated by this act, shall be paid out of any monies in the treasury, not otherwise appro-

J. B. VARNUM, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate, pro tem.

APPROVED, JAMES MADISON.

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the support of the Military establishments of the United States, for the year one thousand eight hundred and ten.

for the Indian department, and for the ex-SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That pence of fortifications, arfenals, magazines all final judgments and decrees, rendered and armories, the following fums be, and

propriated, that is to fay:
For the pay of the army of the United
States, eight hundred and fixty nine thouterritory, upon a writ of error iffued from fand, nine hundred and fixty-eight dol-

For forage, fixty-four thousand fix hundred and twenty-four dollars.
For subsistance, fix hundred and eight-

five thousand, five hundred and thirty-two dollars and five cents. For clothing, two hundred and ninety-

For bounties and premiums, thirty thoufand dollars.

For the medical and hospital depart-ments, fifty thousand dollars. For camp equipage, fuel, tools and transportation, two hundred and seventy

thousand dollars. For ordnance, two hundred thousand

For fortifications arfenals, magazines and armories, including two thousand dollars for such a number of additional militrict or county of Washington to be hold- tary store-keepers as may be required, two hundred and eighty-three thousand five hundred feventy-four dollars and feventy-

For purchaling maps, plans, books and instruments, two thousand five hundred

For contingencies, fifty thousand dol-For the falary of clerks employed in the military agents' offices, and in the office of

inspector of the army, three thousand five For the indian department, one hundred and forty-fix thousand fix hundred dollars. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That

JOHN GAILLARD,

President of the Senate pro tem. March 2,1810-Approved. JAMES MADISON.

NOTICE. IT has been represented to the Secretary of State, that William Varney, George Beverly, Lawrence Ward, John Wilds, and James Venderbort, who call themselves American citizens, have been impressed into the British Navy. The friends of these men are therefore requested to forward to this Department, proof of the citizenship and a deteription of the persons of the as foresaid seamen, in order that measures may be taken to obtain their discharge.

Department of State, Feb. 20th, 1810. Editors of papers, who publish the Laws of the United States, are requested to insert the above notice, three times in their respective Gazettes.



Fresh Medicine, JUST arrived and to be sold by the subseriber, at his Apothecary Shop, at the corner of Short and Market streets, Lexington

AMONG WHICH IS The Iceland Moss, Celebrated for the cure of Confumptions

Also for Sale, White & RED CLOVER SEED, TIMOTHY & BLUE GRASS Do. ESSENCE of SPRUCE in Pots. Andrew M'Calla

BLANK DEEDS

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

From the Charleston City Gazette.

mon necessaries for the support of the black, suppose he paid 400 dollars for his purchase, but 28 dollars interest, 28 100 dollars per year, or 35 1-4 cents ag ee with me, young and old, and are de turer can hire three negroes for what with at least a hundred effective spinning the Manchester manufacturer pays one wheels. the Manchester manufacturer pays one workman. But it is alledged that the capacity of a negro is not equal to the duty of a cotton factory; this I deny, for in all well regulated factories, experience has proved it best to keep the workman constantly at one single branch and by this means it often happens, that the most stupid, excels in his particu- into pure, fine transparent glass .- The lar department; and perhaps there is not in the whole circle of the mechanic thus accidently discovered. Last sumarts one that requires less complex ideas than the different operations of a ding a gristmill at Rotterdam, on the fell into a violent possion, crying out, cotton factory, or one that requires less time to acquire a sufficient knowledge to be useful; and I boldly assert, without fear of contradiction, that such a factory must be carried on to the highest ber, a stove was put up in the mill, for diately scouted, and his majesy's minperfection, with negroes of common capacity; and that even the blind, the lame and the old, may be usefully employed in such an institution; and I think I could with the same confidence, challenge any one to show me where labor is cheaper than in South-Carolina, if the manufacturer employs his own ne- the inside of the stove, they found that

In order to place in a still stronger point of view the advantage of establishing cotton manufactories in this country, I will premise the comparative expense of a factory in Carolina and one in Manchester, who both purchase one hundred dollars worth of cotton, at 16 cents per lb. for the purpose of fabricating it into coarse cloth, such as sixhank yarn generally makes, and selling it at the Charleston market.

Manchester Factory

625 lbs. Cotton

Draying and Wharfage

Commission

at 5 per

General ex-

pense for freighting,

celit

at 16 cts. per

dolls. cts.

100

Carolina Factory. dolls. cts. 625 lbs. Cotton at 16 cis. per 100 Draying to 50 Factory Spinning 615 twist at three time; the Manchester price Weaving 1845 yards at 10 184 yard

1845 yds. for 359 50 Equal to 18 3-4 cts per

ry can sell at what the chester Factory, and have 75 per cent profit. Hence, it is evident, we can under-sell them in all coarse goods,

Sheeting Checks Counterpanes Blankets Table Cloths Fustians and Corduroys, At least 75 per cent.

duty, commissions & other charges to and at Liverpool at 10 cts. per lb 62 50 Manchester 2 50 Carding & spin-The Carolina Factoning in Man-chester Weaving 1845 ds. at 10 cts. 184 50 Carriage back to Liverpool 1 Commission on shipping for buch as Cotton Dow-2 1-2 per cent 13 82 Freight and primage at 2 cts. 12 30 Insurance to Carolina at 5 per cent. 27 Duty in Char. leston 15 per cent. adval. 82 50 Landing, dray. ing, &c, Vendue commission 7 per cent. Commission on remitting at 2 1-2 per ct. 13 75 1845 yards for 573 25 Equal to 31 cts. per yd.

When we consider that a mill scite can so easily be had in almost any part of this country twenty times as cheap as a steam engine could be supported in Manchester; that our negroes are fully adequate to all the operations of a cotton factory; and that, in no factory is the lator half as great as that required on a plantation; and that the labor of a negro is much lower than that of a white man in Manchester; and that the manufacturer in Carolina, for obvious reasons, has no occasion of investing a large capital in cotten, which the Manchester manufacturer must do, or run the risk of being idle or of paying a very high price. When we also consider that cold climates are at least 10 per cent. unfavorable to carding, spinning, weaving and bleaching, is it not, then, evident, that we possess more natural and local advantages of becoming a greater manufacturing country than any nation in Europe?

COLBERT.

FEMALE PATRIOTISM.

try the women have as important a part Manufactories will never thrive in this to act as the men.—With all due respect pellants. and either prove or disprove its truth. towards redreffing our wrongs and eftab-In all countries the price of labor will lifting our independence, as a hundred thousand of the best militia men in America. I am not alone in this opinion-Squire Homespun, [a true American inearn from 100 to 120 cents per day. In Carolina, labor costs the owner of the great an eye-fore to old England as a man dollars insurance on his life, and 44 dollars for his food and cloathing, equal to go about it in earnest. My neighbors per day; so that the Carolina manufac- termined to attack this same John Bull

DORATHY DISTARF.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.

An intelligent and respectable corespondent informs us, that there has lately been found, in the northern part of this state, a singular kind of clay which by the heat of fire, is converted peculiar properties of this Clay were mer, while Mr. George Scriba was builclay; of which, however, no notice was the benefit of the men who were em- isters, who were indebted to their pliathis clay to the crevices of the stove pipe. In the course of a few hours the clay had disappeared; and examining the clay had been converted into fine & pure glass. Since that discovery, several experiments have been made, to ascertain the qualities of this new kind of earth. Two letters have been received briefly stating the result.

One of them says-" The melted clay, as it was poured out of the crucible, appeared of the consistence of molasses; and when it had cooled, it proved to be clear and beautiful glass, of a green tinge, and so strong, that it

The other letter says-" I prepared a little furnace before a blacksmith's bellows, and blew one hour, when I thus drawn from three to four feet notes are offered by strangers!

As this is an entire new discovery, it country.—Com. Adv.

KINE POCK -By a gentleman lately Cloud the affi mative side of the question. arrived from France, we learn, that a new Mr S to speak first, to begin at ten o'click mode of inoculating kine pock has been and neither to speak longer than twenty minutes adopted, and is extended in practice with the happiest fuccess. It is as follows:—
When a child has been infected, instead. The C of a physician coming, when the pock is of this week. We understand that the Hon. mature, to take away the matter, and frighten the babe into tears and terror by Hon. Hon. Logan, has accepted of an appoint must be a card fixed outside the door, that on such a day children in perfect health may be inoculated without execuse. health may be inoculated without expense and with ripe living matter, provided that they are brought by their mothers between the hours of 10 o'clock in the morning, and 4 in the afternoon." The mother of the infant from whence the matter is to be taken, is turnished only with a common fewing needle, the point of which licans. In the senate seven republicans the slips in the ripe vesicle on the arm of probably chosen. In the house of representamakes a slight puncture on the arm of that which is brought to receive the infection. No blood is drawn. If the children are asleep, they are neither of them suffered to be disturbed. This mode of infection, with living matter, never fails: no inflammation ensues; and the whole of the operation is performed by the mother only. - N. Y. Merc. Adv.

NEW-YORK FEBRUARY 25. The Senate of this state have adjudged that Mr. Clark in sending a chalpleasure. Mr. Lynch, the bearer of the challenge, was discharged from custody in his prospectus, on making the necessary and usual a-

The cause of the challenge, as communicated from Albany to me, is this.

was Governor, and another Secretary of the Colony, claims, under a patent, a large portion of the land at Cateskill .-The claim after many years litigation, was decided in his favour by the Supreme Court of this State. From the decision of the Supreme Court an appeal was made to our Court of Errors consisting of the Senate, the Judges learner, but much vet remains to be done. of the Supreme Court, and the chan-

MR. EDITOR—I don't allow my felf against Mr. Clark, who is an ALIEN. Mr. tion, both in the style of printing and binding totalk politics on common occasions; but C inton, as a member of the court, defirst, it is among the most difficult books (first, it is among the most difficult books (first, it is among the most difficult books). [cellor) last winter, which terminated tended for schools, none deserves greater atten. [the stock of the Ohio Canal Company; which

Manufactories will never thrive in this state, owing to the high price of labor and the incapacity of our workmen. It becomes a duty on every well wisher of a hundred thousand spinning wheels put the Lady of Mr. Trumbull, the celebrated a hundred thousand spinning wheels put the Lady of Mr. Trumbull, the celebrated petition was presented to the Senate by the Lady of Mr. Trumbull, the celebrated points of the La bis country to investigate this opinion, in motion by female hands will do as much her to hold land in the State : Mrs. style and matter ought to be left on the mind of Trumbull is an English Lady, and her husband, who was a revolutionary soldier, is now in London. Mr. Clinton the library. working part of the community, such as food, clothing, drink, and house-rent. In England all these articles are considerably higher than the food, clothing, folks, than Mr. Macon's bill and all other impertinent and affronting allusions to form any Aliens already but the segmning to read, printed with a small worm out type, on a thin, dark, and flimsey paper, badly executed throughout, and filled with what printers call Monks, Picks, and Fryers, is to say, Child, you must learn to read, should you go blind in the alternate. impertinent and affronting allusions to in the attempt. drink and house-rent of a Negro. In bills that Congress are making for his an-Mr. Clark. For these it is added, Mr. Manchester, a carder or spinner will noyance—and the 'Squire fays further, Clark challenged him. Clark challenged him.

FROM THE (NEW-YORK) COLUMBIAN.

From our Correspondent at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29. An anecdote is now in circulation, which is said to be founded on fact. The British sabinet was on the eve of confirming the agreement made by our administration with Mr. Erskine, for which Mr. Canning was the warmest dvocate, when his sacred majesty, on hearing that part of Mr. Smith's letter to Mr. Erskine, wherein he states that the king owed it to his own honor to punish the officer who was the cause of the outrage upon the Chesapeake, Onida lake, in digging a canal for the "Who the d-l made these d-d reflume, the work men came to a bed of bels judges of my honor!" The consequence was, all idea of confirming then taken. In the month of Novem- the agreement of Erskine's was immeployed in finishing the interior of the bility to his religious and other prejubuilding .- Finding the house soon dices for their elevation to power, made filled with smoke, the workmen applied one more sacrafice to his hatred of his quondam subjects.

KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

"True to his charge-"He comes, the Herald of a noisy world;
"News from all nations lumb'ring at his back."

LEXINGTON, APRIL 10, 1810.

The Senate of the U.S. on the 29th ult. pass ed the bill introduced by Mr Pope, authorising a subscription on behalf of the United States, of \$ 150,000 to the Ohio Canal Company. passed by a considerable majority.

A bill has been reported by Mr. Bayard of green tinge, and so strong, that it the Senate, making provision for the establish-was with difficulty broken with the ment of a National Bank, the capital of which shall not exceed twenty millions of dollars, to be divided into 50,000 shares at 400 dollars

FORGED three Dollar Notes of the Trenton found the clay well melted, and in a flu-id state so that it run out of the cruci-they are tolerably well executed, but not so per ble in strings as thick as a straw, and produced a solid glass, which could be who reads this article, would do well to be on his guard particularly when such small eastern

The Rev. THOMAS SMITH and the Rev. C. will doubtless receive the attention of W. CLOUD will discuss the following question, the chymists and mineralogists of our on Saturday the 21st inst. at the Court-house in Lexington

"Is the Son of God equal to the Father"
Mr. Smith to take the negative, and Mr

The Court of Appeals met in the early part

New Hampshire Election. There is no doubt as to the issue. It is virtually decided, and republicanism has had an easy triumph. It appears from the last New Hampshire papers, that John Langdon will probably have a majority from 2,000 to 30,00. In the council three of the five are firm repubher child, and then immediately with it tives there will be an addition of thirty four re publicans which will give them a majority of twenty-one.

> FROM THE COMMONWEALTH-MARCH 19. THE NEW TESTAMENT.

> For the schools of the Western country.

We are happy in having it in our power to amounce the prospects of the publication of the New Testament in this country. Zadok Cramer of this place has issued proposals to this effect, which now lye before us, and which are principally intended for the patronage of the merchants of the western country, lenge to De Wit Clinton to fight a duel, not, will feel disposed to encourage the undertawas guilty of violating the privileges of that House, and they have therefore getting a valuable school book manufactured at their own doors, without the risks, delays, and expence of bringing them a distance of 300 miles over the mountains: Z Cramer justly observes

" That we stand in great need of a well prinpology to the Senate. Mr. Emmet ted Testament, our school houses can sufficiently testify, and that our children have too long suffered from the numerous editions of this book badly executed, is clearly apparent, and ought in justice to be remedied. And this can easily be Mr. Clark, one of whose ancestors done by the judicious discrimination of purchas ers distinguishing a good from a bad article, making the quality, as well as the price an object of

"It is really trifling with the education of youth to put into their hands books scarcely le-gible to those who are accounted good readers. The bill for and how much more difficult to those only beginning to learn. Much has been done these last ten years in the improved manner of printing and binding books intended for the juvenile

I think in the prefent state of our countivered an opinion in favour of the aptive the women have as important a part
Dellants.

In the prefent state of our countivered an opinion in favour of the apnotice the women have as important a part
Dellants. This Session of the Legislature a lish schools, there ought, for the honour of the

opposed the Lady's petition on the just beginning to read, printed with a small worn "To put a Testament in the hands of a child bold land in the State, and in the course badly executed throughout, and filled with what

"Another consideration: we have with proper care, rags enough-paper mills have been, The duelling law of this State and more are erecting to supply us with paper—subjects an Alien to fourteen years imgreat an eye-fore to old England as a man of war with as many great guns as his factory has fpindles. Now I know of no better rule of warfare than to find out better rule of warfare than to find out citizen.

subjects an Alien to fourteen years in ment, and, with all these requisites at our door, shall it be any longer said that we the printers have not the spirit to begin, or the merchants in this country sufficient patriotism to encourage the subjects an Alien to fourteen years. the publishing, a school Testament? For the honor of the first law of nature, self preservation, those who harbour an idea of this kind, we hope, will find themselves disappointed."

IMPORTANT LETTER.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman a Bassaterre (St. Kitts) to his friend in Philadelphia, dated Feb. 24, 1810.

The arrival of the United States' brig Etna, in the West Indies, has given rise to a variety of conjectures, and although the object appeared to be a search tor Brown, the ex-collector of Orleans, it was not believed to be real. Our beloved Edward Byam, judge of the vice admiralty court at Antigua (well known for his high regard for Americans) got into a most violent rage on account of an American vessel of war having the audacity to anchor in British watershe would not see capt. Bainbridge, and told Mr. J. Rose (the American agent) that if the brig did not depart immediately, he would order one of his majesty's brigs to gallant her out. Bainbridge came down here from Antigua, and kicked up a terrible noise. Two of his men ran away-and he (very naturally) undertook to search for them; sent his officers on board all the vessels in the harbour (not omitting his majesty's schr.) who presenting his compliments to the different captains desiring permission to overhaul their vessels for his men, which I believe they all acceded to. Not finding them affoat, he came on shore, and assisted by some young men in town, at last discovered them both asleep in a grog shop, tied their hands behind them, and took them on board his brig, the people here put themselves in a terrible rage, and sent word to admiral Cochran (at Gaudaloupe) who immediately dispatched two fast sailing brigs in quest of her, with orders to bring her to him, and communicated the same orders to all the vessels of war on this station; we have not yet heard whether either of the brigs have fallen in with her-but have no doubt if they do, it will be the cause of a serious disturbance between the two countries. for I am confident Bainbridge will not surrender unless compelled by force. You have doubtless heard of the cap

ture of Guadaloupe, St. Martins and St. Eustatius, by the British, which is all the news I have for you.

At a meeting of the citizens of the 7th ward, in New-York, many patriotic on the proceedings of Jackson, and prevent his escape upon the appearance of the British fleet, which shall come to treat them as the Danes." This is very well-If the enemy shall come, I hope they will seize the hero, fasten him to a post facing the British cannon, and let him have a full view of the fray!

Baltimore Ev. Post.

Cobbett's Register, of the 31st of December, contains a string of violent remarks against Messrs. Jefferson and of Mr. Jackson. He says

"The conduct of the American executive has been studiously calculated of late to clash with the vital interests, the long established rights of this country, whilst their language holds out principles which we cannot admit without ruin. The bias in favor of the enemy is insultingly visible on their part. Under these circumstances, it will be asked how far this insolence ought to be tolerated; how we should take this new outrage; how far patience is virtue, and equanimity on our part may create more friendly sentiments on that of the Americans. To go to war with them would be rediculous. They are not worthy of a single shot of gun-powder."

The above is but a feint sketch of passed. Ayes, 109-Nays, 14. Porcupine's bitterness.]

CONGRESS

IN SENATE. Monday, March 26.

The bill for the establishment of a Quarter master's department was read and passed to a The bill for the establishment of a National

Bank was read a second time.

The bill to alter and amend the act fixing the military peace establishment was read a third time and passed.

" Among all the numerous class of books in- scription on the part of the United States to to the Senate in 1807.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill appropriating a sum of money for the purpose of providing munitions of war.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. March 14.

NEW-ORLEANS BATTURE. The House resolved itself into a committee of the whole-Mr. Basserr in the chair, on the bill "Providing the means to ascertain the title to the Bat-

ture in front of the suburb of St. Mary,

in the city of New-Orleans."

The bill provides that "it shall be lawful for the claimants or their legal representatives, to institute a suit or suits in the district court of the United States, for the Orleans district, according to the forms now used in the courts of said territory, against the attorney of the United States, for the said district, who shall be made defendant as the representative of the United States, for he express purpose of defending their title to the said Batture, &c. and when the issue shall be joined & the pleadings made up and settled in the said district court, it shall be the duty of the judge of the said court, to designate by an order entered of record, as part of the proceedings in such case, some one of the circuit courts of the United States, where, in his opinion, a fair and impartial trial can be had, and which circuit court, so designated, is hereby authorised to proceed to final trial, both as to aw and to fact, in like manner as if such suit had been instituted in such court, and had arisen within its jurisdiction, but according to the forms used in the courts of said territory, and the laws in force there when the removal aforesaid took place. And a transcript of the record shall be furnished the plaintiffs, by the said district court, which being authenticated in the usual form, and filed with the clerk of such circuit court, shall be sufficient authority for such court to proceed to final trial. And the judgment or decree of such circuit court may be reviewed and reversed or affirmed in the supreme court of the United States, on appeal or writ of error, prosecuted by either party within

after such judgment or decree shall have been finally rendered, or pronounced in such circuit court, &c.

Mr. Eibb moved to strike out the whole of the bill from the enacting clause, and to insert the following as an amendment:

"That the interest in or title to the batture fronting the suburb of St. Mary, in the city of New-Orleans, which may have vested in the U.S. by the treaty of cession between the U. S. and France, concluded at Paris the 30th of April, 1803, be transferred to and vested in the corporation of the city of New-Orleans, so far as to enable said corporation to defend any suit or action which may be instituted for the recovery of the whole or any part of the said batture, in any court having competent power and jurisdiction to hear and determine the same; and if no suit or acion shall be instituted and prosecuted o final judgment or decree within

years, all individual claim, right or title to the said batture shall thenceforth be forever barred.

And be it further enacted, that the said batture shall be used and enjoyed as a public high-way and landing place, as well by the citizens of the U.S. as resolutions were entered into—among the inhabitants of the city of New-Orthem is one promising to have "an eye leans, who shall continue to use and exleans, who shall continue to use and enjoy the right of digging and carrying earth from the said batture for making and repairing public streets and levees and other purposes, which they were ccustomed to use and enjoy under the late Spanish government.'

Mr. Poydras made a long and elahorate speech on the subject of the title to this property, denying that Mr. Livingston had either a shadow or resemblance of title.

The committee rose at three o'clock, reported progress, and obtained leave Madison, occasioned by the dismissal to sit again.—and the House adjourn-

Monday, March 26:

The bill from the Senate, making an appropriation for the purpose of making an experimarine explosion, has passed the House of Representatives. Yeas, 65-Nays, 53.

MR. PINKNEY'S LETTER. Mr. Livermore moved the following reso-

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause to be laid before this House a copy of any letters or despatches which may have been received in the Department of State, and do not require secrecy, from Mr Pinkney, our minister at the court of London, since his receipt of the letter of the 23d of November, 1809, from the Secretary of State, communicated to this House by the President on the 29th of said November.

After some discussion the resolution was INVALID CORPS.

March 27.

On motion of Mr. Nelson, the bill for the rehef of the infirm, disabled and superannuated officers and soldiers of the late revolutionary army and of the present army of the United States, was passed through a committee of the whole, Mr. Pitkin in the chair, reported to the House, and ordered to be engrossed for a third

reading on Wednesday.
On motion of Mr. Munford, a resolution was adopted requesting the President of the U. S. to communicate such information touching the impressment of American seamen, as had Mr. Pope reported a bill authorising a sub- been received since the communication made

LATEST FROM SPAIN.

Extract of a letter from a Spanish gentleman at Cadiz, dated Jan. 26.
'The General Junta have decreed, that from the 1st of February their residence shall be at Cadiz.

On the 14th of Jan. the French attacked the passage of Montisson and Villamanique to enter into Andalusia, but they were repulsed; in consequence of which, the Patriot Army is

The general opinion is, that as soon as the Central Junta qut Seville, the Provincial Junta of that district will take the whole command of the province, and some change will take place in government. The Central, it is said, give the other full power to act as they may see best.

'The Junta of Granada and Cordova have given orders to arm the whole population of

'The French army is composed of about 50,000 (6,000 of which are cavalry.) Our army will be about 36,000.'

Salem, March 20. Yesterday the schooner Minerva, captain Leach, arrived at Marblehead, in 60 days from Alicant. A gentleman who conversed with captain Leach a few minutes, derived with captain Leach a few minutes, derived from him the following information:—That the French were within six leagues of Alicant, in two divisions, (40.000 in the whole) one division destined to Alicant, and were expected in every day; the other to Valencia:—That the ware ware with all haste sending their inhabitants were with all haste sending their plate and other valuables to Gribraltar and Ca diz, judging them to be the only places of re-fuge and safety; and were determined to sub-mit to the French when they came, without re-The Junta remained at Seville.

sistance. The Junta remained at Seville.

A London paper of Jan. 20, says—'This morning we had advice of the arrival of several morning we had advice of the arrival of several morning we had advice of the arrival of several morning. ships from France to obtain log wood and other articles from this country admitted under the new Custom House regulations of Bonaparte.

From the N. Y. Evening Post, March 24. Just after our paper had gone to press, our boat came up from the Narrows with several arrivals—among them is the ship Union, Pigot, in 48 days from Links. in 48 days from Lisbon—Left there the 23d January. A few days before capt. P. sailed, two couriers had arrived from Spain, announcing the French having forced the pass of Seira Morena. Two divisions of the French passed with muskets only, but the latter division met with obstinate resistance. It was supposed the Spaniards were bribed. Another cour ier arrived bringing the important news, that the French had advanced as far as Tarragona, the French had advanced as tar as Tarragona, were attacked by the Spanish army under the Duke de Aburqurque and defeated with the loss of 6000 men, and were obliged to retreat through the pass again. When the conrier left Cadiz, Seville, Badajoz and Cadis were illuminated. No particulars of the action had transpired at Lishan when cant. P. sailed transpired at Lisbon when capt. P. sailed. There was also a report of a revolution in the south of France, headed by M. s. ena and D. voux; that they had sent deputies to Lord Collingwood, offering to give up Toulon and Marseilles. The night before capt. P. sailed, a brig of war arrived express from England, but every thing was kept secret. There was a report that she brought a confirmation of the revolution, and Bonaparte's proclamation of the subject. Major generals Stewart and Picton had arrived from England, together with the 79th Highland regiment and the 24th Scotch Brigade, some artillery and Cavalry and recruits for the regiments in Portugal, comrecruits for the regiments in Portigar, composing in all about 2500 men. It was said Lord Wellington was expected at Lisbon to hold a convention. The Portuguese army under marshal Beresford were upwards of 50,000 strong, the British about 22,000 men.

The marshal duke of Castiglione entered Gerona on the 11th inst. He took eight stand of colours, 200 pieces of cannon, and troops. The following is a copy of the capitu-

Capitulation of the city and forts of Gerona concluded on the 10th December at seven in the

"Art. I. The garrison shall march out with the honors of war, and proceed to France as prisoners of war.

"III. The Catholic religion shall continue to be followed by the inhabitans, and shall be res-

"IV. At halfpast eight to morrow morning the gate of Secours, that of Arennys, and als that of the forts shall be delivered up to the French troops.

" To-morrow morning the 11th of December, the garrison shall march out of the fortress at half past eight o'clock; they shall file by the gate of Arennys, and the soldiers shall lay down their arms upon the glacis.

"IV. An officer of the artillery, one of the engineers, and a commissary at war, shall en-ter the moment possession is given of the gates of the city, to receive possession of the magazines, maps, plans &c.

Done at Gerona, seven in the evening, Dec

[Here follows the signatures.]

WILLIAM T. BARRY I NFORMS his clients that his office is remov

ed to a brick house at the intersection of Mulberry and Short streets. Lexington 6th April, 1810 MRS. LUCAS

HAS REMOVED HER MILINERY STORE O the house lately occupied by Mr. Tho

mas I Garrett, two doors below the Re orter printing office, and has just received from A Philadelphia, an extensive assortment of the most FASHIONABLE MILINERY. Lexington, April 7, 1810.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS Francis W. Lea gave his obligation to R. Pitman, bearing date the 17th Feb. 296 to convey by deed in fee simple, 25 acres of Land in Woodford county, adjoining the lands of Warren, Langham and Gilman, on the waters of Clear creek; and dothnow refuse to comply therewith. This is to forewarn all persons from purchasing said land of said Lea, as I hold said bond or obligation by assignment. and purpose compelling said Lea to make the

Thos. Duvall.

March 27, 1810.

Montgonsery County, Sct, Taken up by George Black. one mile from Mountsterling, a Dark Bay Filby, about two years old last spring, has a small star in her face, both laud feet white, not branded, appraised to \$14.

12th December, 1809.

WILLIAM ROSS's SHOE AND GROCERY STORE,

Next door to Mr. John Keiser, and nearly oppo site the Market-house Lexington:
Where he has just received from Philadelphia, a large and elegant assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES.

Which, for neathess of figure and firmness of workmanship, are equal to any ever brought to the Western Country. AMONG THEM ARE-

Fair top and Back Strap Boots, Single Back Strap do.

Three quarter do. Philadelphia Morocco Spangled Slippers, Ladies' Nelson do Girls' Spangled Kid Ladies Plain do. Ladies' Jeffersons,

Women's Leather Slippers, Miss's Nelsons, Girls' Morocco Jeffersons, do with heels, Ladies' do. do. with heels, Ladies' Morocco Shoes with cork soals.

Philadelphia Morocco slippers, of every lour and size, Gentlemen's fine leather-lined shoes, Men's common do. Boy's do. Men's coarse do. do. Men's patent Madison leather ties, Boot girting, Heel ball. Blacking ball and shoe brushes,

Shoe binding and shoe strings, Morocco hats for children, Morooco and Kid skins, of different colours, Boot legs, and fair skins for boot tops, Spanish soal leather for boots and White welting skins for saddles.

GROCERIES. Maderia, Port and Sherry Wines, Fourth proof Jamaica Spirits, Fourth proof French Brandy, Fourth proof Holland Gin, Peach Brandy, Old Whiskey, Imperial, Young Hyson, and Hyson Teas,

Coffee and Chocolate, Loaf and lump Sugar, Liquorice Ball, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves, Allspice and Pepper, Madder, Copperas and Allum,

Spanish Segars and Tobacco, Almonds and keg Raisins, and Figs, Mackarel, Scotch, and Pickled Herrings, and

Ovsters. Which I intend selling low for CASH, wholesale or retail. LEXINGTON, April 9, 1810.

A PROPOSAL BY ZADOK CRAMER, BOOKSELLER, PITTSBURG, (Penn.) FOR PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION, NOTES OF A TOUR

WESTERN COUNTRY,

THROUGH THE STATES OF OHIO & KENTUCKY,

A VOYAGE DOWN THE OHIO & MISSISSIPPI RIVERS, AND A TRIP THROUGH THE MISSISSIPPI TERRITORY, AND PART OF

WEST FLORIDA. Commenced in the winter of 1807, and concluded in 1809.

BY F. CUMING.

SKETCHING the state of the vast tract of country through which he travelled, a distance of between three and four thousand Early history-progress in settlementopulation-manners-customs-natural & arificial curiosities -- rivers -- creeks -- townsillages -- manufactures -- religion -- politics -indian wars and massacres-peculiarities of ack woodsmen and hunters—Indian mounts of incient burying places-fortifications on the Ohio-Chickasaw and Choctaw Indians on the Mississippi-their manners and customs-setlements on the Mississippi river-soil, products,

PROPOSALS for this work were issued some ime ago, but its publication was necessarily delayed in consequence of the author extending his route, further than he at first intended, down the Mississippi river, through the Mississippi territory and part of West Florida. The Tour is now completed, and the manuscript in the hands of the publisher, and will be put to press immediately, and issued with as little delay as

There were a number of subscribers to the first proposals, and more are now repsectfully colicited—those especially fond of encouraging hterature and science—of learning the state of their own country, geographically and physi-cally—of reading man as he is, with all his burdens on his back—of storing their minds with useful information, rational and beneficial amusement—Such will subscribe and read with considerable degree of pleasure—for our author takes us as we are, with all our foibles and faults-our vices and virtues-perfections and imperfections

CONDITIONS. This work shall be printed in one volume duodecimo size, of between 300 and 400 pages, with a new type and on a fine paper.

The price to subscribers shall not exceed one dollar twenty five cents, neatly bound and let-tered, and those who subscribe for nine copies, shall have one gratis, provided the money be paid on delivery of the books, which in all cases will be required—A further discount of five per cent, will be made to merchants who buy

to sell again.

Subscription papers to be returned in the course of three months—at which time it is ex-

FOUND

O N SUNDAY morning on the Frankford road, about three miles from Lexington, an OLD SADDLE, with a blue saddle cloth, the tree broken and no sterrup leathers-the owner may get it by applying to

FAMES HENDERSON.

LOST

ON Saturday evening near where the above was found, a MAN'S SADDLE nearly new, silver head and cantle, the initials I. H. on the read, silver plated stirrup irons, and silver slips to the stirrup leathers, and also a common S bent bitt curb BRIDLE.—A generous reward will be given for them or either by

FAMES HENDERSON,
Living on the Leestown road 3 miles
from Lexington.

LIST OF LETTERS,

months, will be fent to the General Post-Office as dead Letters.

Alexander William Allen Charles Arthur John Art Robert.

Baxton Thomas Blaydes Walker J. 2 Barr Thos. T. & R. R. Brown Shefton Doct. Beach Joseph Breckenridge Mary Bally James H. 2 Beauford col. Abm. Bosworth Benijah 2 Baker Ifaac Buller Waller Efq. Boon Eleanor Bell Hannah Bishop Rev. Robt. H. Bradley Robert Blythe Rev. James Brackenridge Willi-

Bradley Denis Brown Thomas am Efq. Bostick John Broaddus Edwin Bunds Rachael 2 Beak Hannon Bibb George M. Bagby David or Bryant Inc. Bullock Edmondefq. Bagby John Blackwell James Baldwin Tyler Blift Anthony Bainbridge Absalom Browning Joseph Brimburger Michael Brownlee George

Champney doct. T. Cox Mr. Crothers Samuel Gahoon John Caldwell capt. Geo. Caldwell Ann Clark William Cockrill Joseph Churchill Mary Chapman John Caldwell Charles Caldwell Samuel Cullin Edmund Campbell William Cullin James Cifney James Cavender Elizabeth Cooke Kev. Valentine Cunningham Thomas Cardwell or Caldwell

D Dunlap William Davis Stephen Dupey Suckey Davis doc. Thos. C. Davenport Boswell Davis Lydia Dienstmann Ann Ma-Diacke Enoch Doyel John Doughardy Samuel

Deterly Jacob Douden William Emberson Reuben Ellis H. C. Empston John Elgin Hezekiah

Eastes Littleton Fisher William Fisher Samuel Fitzgerral

Garrard James George John Gholfon Benjamin Gray George Grubs Daniel Graves Josiah or ? John Graves his Garth John Groom John brother Gentry Pleasant Groom John 2

Herndon John Howard William Hofkins James Hydle George Herndon Susannah Hughes James Haines Simon Hawkins Walker Hart capt. John Hamilton Archibald Hayes Capt. Saml. Henderson Maria

Henry John Holderman Abraham Hicks John Howe James Harrion Micajah Hamilton Abenezer Hammond Larkin Hall Mofes S. Hicky Simon Holmes John Henry William Hansborough Joieph Hawkins col. Wyatt

Johnson James Esq. Jamesswens C. P. Jackson Lydia Johnston Philip B. King John Kemper Tilman 2

Koons Nicholas Lewis David Linner Downing Lewis Stephen Lay George Lisse John Little James Majr. Lucas Zachariah Lemens Mr.

Miller George Meade James Martin James M'Clord James 2 Maxwell Mr. Milton Elijah Marshall Mary K. Miller Abraham Mathews Jacob Moore Peter M'Quiday Joseph Maens William Moore William Monroe hon John M'Calla Andrew, M'Dowell maj. John

Leonard John

Nettle Thomas Nicholfon John Owens John Onion William

Patrick Charles Peacok Mary Patterson Samuel Prather Aaron Pierce William Parker John Pollard Elijah Prenton Walter Price Miss Jane Pecker John

Rofell Nelfon Riley Ninian 2 Rouse William Richardson Eliza. Ritter Jacob Redmon Adam, or Robards George Redmon Mary Rector Elias Efq. Rice David Richardson Nancy Robertson Mrs.

Sagefar Jacob Scott Thomas Steel Reuben 2 Stephens Luther Slannonback Mr. Studman Thomas Sayres Stephen Scott Hannah Skinner Cornelius Swoop Benjamin Sneed John S. Shely capt. David Schooler Joseph Sutton William Smart Joseph Stipp Rachael Steel Brice Stevenson Thomas Seitner Conrad Smith Archimidas Sumrall Messrs. Safforn James

Hart & Co. Thomas Mofes Jr. Turner Theodofia Tull Samuel Tyler William 2 Turnham Thomas Thornton doct. Chs. Trimble James True James Taylor Philip

Underwood Reuben

Winn Mime Weigart Philip A. Walls Thaddons Worley Joshua Wilfon John Wright John Wilson John H. Watkins John Winters Elisha Wilmott Polly L. Williams William Winians Nicholas Wilson Samuel Walker doct. Eri Weigart George Witmyer John Wilson Jonathan Wyatt Maj. John Woorland Barnabas Wilmott Robert H. Wilfon James

Yeagar Nicholas Yates John Young col. Richd. Young Ambrose JOHN JORDAN, JR. P. M.

A LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING in the Post-Office at Lex. REMAINING in the Post-Office at Nicholasington K. which if not taken out in three be sent to the General Post office as dead let-

> March 31st, 1810. James Stonestreet John Chiles Archer Dickerson David Wilson Joel Becker Zachariah Barr Joseph Arvill Valentine Cook Francis Underwood 2 William Ames James Craybrooks David Sutton James Curd 2 William Nusam James Chambers 2 Mrs. Grozell Scott Doct. A. Montgomery Nat. Drake Elias Griffin John Lunes Edward Stephens Robert Crocket George Tanner Shadrick Hall Trustees of Bethell ? Wm. Walker Seminary James Fletcher George M'Donall Esq Wiley I. Berner Mrs. Frances Smith 2 Thomas Penniston

ters

Daniel Isbell Eli Moorehead Hugh Holmes B. NETHERLAND, P. M. A LIST OF LETTERS R EMAINING in the Post-Office Winchester Ky. if not taken out before the expiration of three months, will be sent to the Genera

Green John

Gallop Enoch

Gibson James

Harden Patsey

Harry Charles

Jones William

Kentley Williams

Irwin Joseph

Kyle James

Lewis Stephen

Mosely Persen

Patten George

Rawlings John Right John Swengly John

Tuttle John

Pearson Rebecca

MissSusannah M.Price Archer Rutherford Nancy Morris Daniel Isbell

Post-Office as dead letters. April 6th, 1810. Adams James Adams John Arnold Rice W. Abel Eliza Allen James Berry Thomas 2 Brigs Agothe Boggs James Blackwell Elizabeth Byrne Thomas Barrow Nathan Brandenberg David Browhard James Bowlward Thomas Baker George Berkley Samuel Cox James Daniels Margaret Duncan John Dollary Owen Fielding Thomas

Deane Edward Etriel Benjamin Fourman John Gerrard James Gohagen Anthony 2 Gholson Thomas Gass John Henry Abner Howard Louday Hardman William Jackson Francis F. Joiner Rebecca Kelso Hugh Kew John

Long James Lounis Henry Morrough Thomas 2 Martin John Majr. Mullins Jesse Norris William O'Rear Jeremiah 2 Power Thomas Price John Pearson Sarah S. Richardson Elizabeth

Rout Daniel Smith William Sherwood Moses 2 Taylor Jonathan Tompkins John Vanbus George Kirk Wilson John Young James

E. CALLOWAY, P. M. THE CELEBRATED IMPORTED AND RE-

AL BRED TURF HORSE, DRAGON.

THIS justly celebrated and unequalled horse of horses, whose claim to superiority is not questioned, is now in my stable (in high health and good condition.) where he stood the three last seasons, and will stand the ensuing season, under the direction and management of Mr. Ballenger, lately from Virginia. He will be let to mares at the moderate price of Forty Dollars the season, to be discharged at any time before the first day of September next by the payment of Thirty Dollars; Twenty Dollars the leap, paid before the mare is put to the horse, and if she does not stand, by paying the additional Ten shall have the privilege the se ason-Fifty Dollars to insure a mare in foal, paid when she is put to the horse, the mone y to be returned if such should not prove to be the case, provided the mare remains the property of the same person, with one dollar groom, paid at the stable door, whe ther she is put by the leap season or insurance Attested notes for 40 dollars the season, pay able the first day of January next, will be ex pected with the mares. Any gentleman who puts his mare by the season, and she does not prove to have been in foal, shall have the pri

vilege of putting her next season gratis, provided she remains his property.

No expense has been spared to provide the best of pasturage, and separate lots have been fenced, for the accommodation of mares sent to the horse, which will be free of all charges, and they will be grain fed if required upon moderate terms. Every attention will be paid to mares, but cannot be accountable for accidents

DRAGON is a dark chesnut, handsomely marked with a star and snip, and without exaggeration is fully sixteen hands high; he is cended from the best running stock in Eng land, * and is a brother, in blood, to the famous norse Diomed t whose stock is so highly esteemed in Virginia. It is a fact well known to a number of gentlemen in this state, how desirous the late Col. John Hoomes, of the Bowling Green, Virgima, was to obtain this horse, and never could effect it until after the death of the late duke of Bedford, who owned him in

DRAGON is a sure foal getter, and all information concur in proving the colts dropped from him to be more promising than any ever seen in America. No imported horse before him has maintained his standing for the same length of time in one stable. A number of his coltsmay be seen at the stand during the season-

JOHN W. HUNT.

Lexington, March 30th, 1810. DRAGON was unquestionably the best runer of his day-he won and received forfeit two nd twenty times before he ended his fifth year, and in most cases for the highest prizes in England; among this number was the Whip, (which is known to be the highst object of competition ever established by the English Jockey Club,) and 200 guineas each, against two others, giving them both up a year's weight in riding, four miles; and the famous match against Clifden four miles, carrying fifteen stones (225 lbs.) upon each, in which he was rode by the Duke of Bedford, and Clifden by Sir John

Although Dragon was permitted to go to a few mares after he was withdrawn from the turf, yet the Duke of Bedford, who owned him, never relinquished him as a parade horse; and the number of his get which were dropped before the end of the year 1799, only amounts to thirty three-one of these died young, one was sent to America, and several were never trained; eleven winners appear however, in England, from such as have been trained of

have been sent to America, which, in the hands of Mr. Tayloe, proved a good runner; and has won several times in Virginia.

Mr. Cookson's Speculatot, by Dragon, won. 8 times one year, and 4 times the next, including the Oatland stakes of 5) guineas each, 26 subscribers; Mr. Lord's Jenny Spinner, by Dragon, won 7 times one year; Sir F. Pool's Dragon, won 7 times one year; Sir F. Pool's colt Miscreant, by Dragon, won 5 times one year; Mr. Howard's colt Creeper, by Dragon, won 4 times one year; Mr. Howorth's Pantula, Mr. Brigge's Phonix, Mr. Lockley's Hopitality, Lord Milsington's Fisherman, Mr. Cosier's ch. Filley, Sir F. Pool's bay Filley, and Mr. Pautons's ch. Filley, all by Dragon, have also proven winners from one to three times in also proven winners from one to three times in

W. Hampton. Woodland, 20th Feb. 1805.

* DRAGON was got by Woodpecker, (one of the best sons of King Herod) his dam Juno, (who is also the dam of Young Eclipse, and full sister to the dam of Diomed) by Specta-Blank; his grand dam (sister to Horatius) by Blank; his great grand dam (Feather's dam, and full sister to the grand dam of Cygnet and Blossom) by Childers, out of Miss Belvoir by Grantham—Paget Turk—Betty Percival—Leed's Arabian.

†The following extract is taken from Col. Selden's advertisement of Diomed, for the year 1805—'To say nothing of the number of his colts that won in 1803, (the first season he appeared on the turf,) which greatly surpasthough he came to America many years after several stallions of high fame. In 1804 we find Mr. Tayloe's Hamlentonian winning five times. Mr. However, 1804 we find Mr. Tayloe's Hamlentonian winning five times. imes, Mr. Hoomes's Planethonian whoming five times, Mr. Hoomes's Place Maker four times, Mr. Selden's Laxima three times and sting four times; Mr. Wyllie's Mask twice, Mr. Ball's Florizel, three years old, winning two sweepstakes, which produced his owner 4000 dollars, and many anime record recent

dollars, and many other good races.

'Mr. Ball has refused for his colt 5000 dollars—Hamilintonian was sold in May last, for 3000 dollars—Peace Maker was sold in October last for 2700 dollars—Lavinia in November for 2100 dollars, and 2000 refused for Sting. PEDIGREE.

Diomed was got by Florizel, (one of the best sons of King Herod) his dam by Spectator, (sister to Juno, the dam of Dragon and Young Eclipse) his g. dam (sister to Horatius) by Blank; his great grand dam (Feather's dam; by Blank; his great grand dam (Feather's dam; and full sister to the grand dam of Cygnet and Blossom) by Childers, out of Miss Belvoir, by Grey Grantham—Paget Turk—Betsey Percipals (1964); Arabino? val-Leeds's Arabian.

MILES SELDEN.
Tree Hill, January 5th, 1805.

I certify that the facts contained in the above advertisement, respecting the pedigree and per-formances of Dragon, as well as those of his get, have been carefully extracted from the general stud books and racing calenders of England, and that they are strictly correct as therein stated and published—that Dragon has proved himself in my possession an uncommonly sure foalgetter-and that his get, to the extent of my experience and information, are extremely

W. HAMPTON.

Columbia, 25th October, 1806. Having been applied to by John W. Hunt, for information relative to the character of his horse Dragon, in the state of South Carolina, which state I have just returned from, do not hesitate to say, that it appeared to general opinion he was one of the best foal getters ever had been in the state; and I saw 2 number of his colts which were very promising -1 was at the house of judge Simpkins, where Dragon had stood, and made a point to enquire of him particularly, relative to Dragon's stock, and hespoke in the highest terms of them, and said if Dragon was sent back again, he would make a great season. Given under my hand this 26th day of March, 1808.

Robt. Dudley.

I was at the races in Charleston South Carolina, last month; on the third day, a Dragon coltrun the two mile heats for the Jocky Glub purse, where two others started-the race was a well contested one between the Dragon colt and Mr. Smith's stud horse Farmer; they were locked nearly all the way, and at the outcoming they were not clear of each other-it is stated in the Charleston paper the first heat was run in four minutes two seconds, the second heat in three minutes fifty-seven seconds—that is the only Dragon colt I saw whilst in the state, and I think him a very fine colt and of fine size.

Lexington, March 26th, 1808. SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Washington Course. Yesterday [Feb. 10, 1893] a set bet of \$ 1000 was run for over this course two mile heats and was won by Col. Hampton's bay colt-a catch

Col. Hampton's b. c. by Dragon, J. P. Richardson esq's b. c. by do. 2 2 These colts are both of the same size, and of the same age-the race was one of the best contested that has been run over this course for many years past; the horses were scarcely eparated during the heats, and the winner of tained the heats by hardly a length. They both

bid fair to afford good sporthereafter.
FAIRFIELD RACES—May, 1808.
For the Fairfield Joby Club cap of 20 Guineas.
J. Hoome's b. h. Lance, by Dragon, four years old, R. Wormkey's m. Nettletop, by Spread Eagle, 6 years old, 2 2 Miles Selden's ch. h. Treasurer, by Diomed,

years old, Wm Ball's br. m. by Wildmedley, 6 years d, Time – 1st heat 3 m. 53s. 2d heat 3 m. 57s. WASHINGTON COURSE-1809.

Col. Hampton's br. h. Milo, by Dragon, 4 Mr. Hutchinson's b. c. Monticello, by Bedford, 4 years old, 2 2 Mr. R. Singleton's sorrel filly, by Bedford, 3

years old,
Mr. J.P. Pringle's ch. c. Grescent, by Star, years old,

Mr. J. B. Richardson's s. m. Charlotte, by Gallatin, 3 years old, - bolted.

The first heat was run in 3 m. 25s—the se-

cond heat in 3 m. 58s. A match race was run of two miles, last fall near Richmond, Virginia, between Col. Miles, Selden's colt by Dragon, and Wade Moseby's celebrated running horse Rat, and bets were made on each quarter of the two miles, by the proprietors of the horses, every one of which

were won by the Dragon colt with ease.

At Statesborough, S. C. the first day's purse, two mile heats, was won by a Dragon colt belonging to Mr. Richardson.

The second day's purse, one mile heats, was won by Gen. Hampton's Dragon colt Milo, distancing five others the first heat.

A Dragon filley, raised by Mr. Singleton, of South Carolina, won the purse at Jamesville, South Carolina, two mile heats. The same filly won the second day's purse at Murray's fer-ry, wo mile heats.

Several Advertisements crowdthis little stock, besides that one mentioned to ed out-they shall be attended to next From the Boston Centinel.

NEW BEDFORD'S TEARS.

AN ELEGY. WHERE, slow and sad Acushnet laves The sullen beach with tear-swol'n waves, The sedge-crown'd Genius of the stream Thus pour'd the melancholy theme :-Weep, mothers, widows, orphans, weep Your hope is swallow'd in the deep; Your joy is fled, your peace is flown; Your cloudless sun has set at noon.

Weep, mothers, weep! your sons no more Shall press their lov'd, their native shore:— No more the husband's cheering voice Salute the partner of his choice. Mourn, children, hapless orphans, mourn; No more to view your sire's return: That heart has ceas'd to beat, that breast Is cold, which yours so fondly prest.

Weep, virgins, weep! those blooming charms Shall never bless your levers' arms; Cold they lie in wat'ry graves, Whelm'd beneath the sullen waves. Far from their friends and native home, They meet their miserable doom: No tender mother clos'd their eyes No weeping maid receiv'd their sighs.

What though, in every clime renown'd, Acushnet's hardy sons are found, And many a brave and worthy name Illumes the scroll of naval fame; What though thy ships in lofty pride, Are borne on every swelling tide, And to each varying fickle gale Some bark of thine unfurls her sail;

Achusnet! now thy joy is fled; Thy glory slumbers with the dead. The mellow viol's thrilling sound, The giddy dance's mazy round, The sprightly song, the merry tale, Forgotten, shall no more prevail; Thy voice, thy tears, shall only flow To strains of elegiac woe.

Winter's kearse storm and hollow wind Shall breathe fresh horror on the mind; Nor shall the joy-inspiring spring Oblivion to thy sorrows bring. Weep, mothers, widows, virgins, weep! Your hope is swallow'd in the deep; Your joy is fled, your peace is flown, Your cloudless sun has set at noon. WILLIAM.

* New-Bedford is a flourishing seaport town pleasantly situated on Acushnet river. It has long been noted for its able and excellent sea-Perhaps no town in the United States, men. Perhaps no town in the United States, of equal population, has produced so many masters of ships. And there are few, if any, in which more tons of shipping are owned, in proportion to its capital. These are chiefly employed in the freighting business, out of

The Thetis, bound from New-Bedford to Sa vannah, with 34 persons on board, chiefly young men, having families at New-Bedford, was upset at sea by a squall, on the 23d of November fast, all of whom, except five, perished. These five remained on the wreck 17 days, subsisting on raw potatoes and port wine, when they were providentially discovered and taken off.

YANKEE TRICKS.

THIS is a very significant phrase, and one in very general use. It conveys to degree of depravity, peculiar to the people of New England, from which their more upright brethren in the middle and fouthern states claim a total exemption. The latter are pure and immaculate, unstained with any thing in the slightest degree approaching to yankeeism.

Let us examine this point fearlessly.— Let us afcertain, as fir as we can, on what foundation the charge relts. It that be folid, let it remain unasseiled, and be re reived without controverly. But if it rests upon a fandy and delusive bafis, let it be configned to oblivion, with other prejudices equally untenable.

National prejudices are very eafily

formed, and nicknames are very easily applied. They are, however, eradicated with great difficulty. When once adopted, every day ferves to corroborate them because every little incident that occurs, and affords the fmallest countenance to them, or will at all admit of being strained to that effect, is tortured to prop and buttrefs them up. right or wrong.

It is not difficult to perceive how this prejudice arose. The tide of migration has generally directed its course from New-England to the fouthern states, and very little from the latter to the former. The reason of this is obvious. The soil of New-England is not as luxuriant as that of some of the other states. The population is much crowded. This flate of things naturally produces the effect above frated. As mankind is now, and has always been, made up of good and bad, and a pretty reasonable proportion of the latter every where, it would be wonderful if, among the hofts that Iwarm out of New England. there should not be many depraved and worthless characters. Wherever these appear, they are cited as corroborations "ftrong as proofs from holy wit," to confirm the general character of the whole nation; and thus one or two millions of people bear an opprobrious fligma from the surpitude of a few.

The middle and fouthern States have

never disgorged upon New-England the off-fourings of their cities, nor their fugitives from justice, in any very considerable degree. If they had, buckskin tricks might in Boston, or Portsmouth, or Port land, be as proverbial, as Yankee tricks in New York or Philadelphia. But let a philofopher, or a citizen of the world, exam ine the records of our criminal courts. and he will find, that the triumph we pretend to, over our New-England brethren. is not as indisputably just and correct, as fine of us may have supposed. Let us bear in mind the elegant, the instructive, and the univertally applicable lesson held out by the parable of the pharisee and the

I have travelled very often through New-England. And when I first visited the country, I was a slave to the miferable projudices that for generally prevail res pecting its a habitants. I imagined that large proportion of them were sharpers, folely intent upon deception and fraud. 1

have lived to see the extent of my error. I am proud to acknowledge it, and to do justice, as far as these feeble effusions can to justice, to the much injured character of a most respectable nation. I have beheld with delight the decency, the neatness, the elegance of their dwellings-the order, the decorum, the propriety, the urbanity, and the hospitality of their manners-the intelligence and good information even of the lowest orders of their peafantry-the captivating polish of their fmallest children, in whom the rudiments of education are so far instilled, that they uniformly stop and respectfully salute the passing stranger—the republican simplici-ty and the good sense of their municipal regulations generally—the very fuccessful ftruggle they have maintained against the sterility of an unkind foil-the ardour of their spirit of enterprise—their unceasing and unwearied incustry. Having repeatedly feen-and having as repeatedly admired all these things—is it very extraor-dinary that I affert, without disparage ment to the merits and claims of the citi zens of the other states, that the yeomanry of New-England are the pride and the glory of the U.S. and are not perhaps excelled for the long train of focial virtues, by any equal number of people under the canopy of heaven ?- Port Folio.

Revolution of Lite. Indigence and Obscurity are the parents of Vigilance and Economy. Vigilance and Economy, of Riches and Honor. Riches and Honor, of Pride and Luxury. Pride and Luxury, of Impotency and Idleness. Impotence and Idleness, of Indigence and Obscurity. Such are the revolutions of Life.

A fine full-blooded Merino ram was brought to this port [New-York] on Saturday in the ship Atlantic, Captain Barnum, from Cadiz.

New-years frolic .- An eastern paper mentions the marriage, on the first day of January last, at East-Haddam, in Connecticut, of nine young ladies, being al the girls in that town who were marriageable! It is to be hopod this mode of celebrating the new year will become fashionable- and then-" one might as well be out of the world as out of the fashion!"-T enton American.

The committee appointed by the Board of Trustees for the town of Lexington, to examine & report fach amendments to the by-laws of the town as they might deem necessary reported the following viz: SEC. 1. Be it o dained by the Truffees of the town of Lexington, that any perfound or perfons who shall being into market, or shall act or speak in such a manner as to retaid the operations of it, shall for feit and pay any fum not less than three nor more than ten dollars.

Sec 2. Be it further ordained, that all unwholefom provisions offered for fale in the market shall be forfeited, and that the person or persons vending or offering to wend the same, shall forfeit and pay any fum not less than one nor more than ten dollars.

Sec. 3. Be it further ordained, that the market hours from the first of May until the first of October shall be held until 9 o'clock A. M. and during the remainder of the year until ten o'clock A. M.

SEC 4. Be it further ordained, that no

huckster or other person shall be permit-ted to purchase in the market house during market hours any article whatever. which fuch huckster or other person is known ufually to fell or expose to fale un der a penalty of not less than three ror more than ten dollars for each offence:

SEC 5. Be it further ordained, that it hall be the duty of the clerk of the market to vifit the different persons in the town of Lexington, felling by weights and meafires, and to profecute under the act of affembly, all those who are felling by false weights and measures.

SEC. 6. Be it further ordained, that if the watch, in the performance of their duties, either in suppressing riots or breaches of peace, shall be unable to apprehend those who are violating the law, it shall be lawful for them to call upon any of the citizens of the town to affift them and any person or persons resusing to affilt them, when properly fummoned, as aforefaid, shall forfeit and pay any fum not less than three, nor more than ten dollar .

AND'W. M'CALLA, CIm. A true copy from the records of the town, Attest, P I. RAILEY, Clk Attest, Nathaniel Prentifs is appointed by the Trustees of the town of Levington to enforce the by laws of the town generally

JOHNSON & WARNER lave just received, and for Sale at their Store corner of Mill and Main Streets, Lexington, A large quantity of the best

PRINTING INK, And an additional assortment of-BOOKS AND STATION RY. Furguson's Lectures 1 Biddles Architecture Gibson's Surveying Simpson's Conic Sec---- Astronomy

Webster's Philosophy tions
The Musical Primer, or the First Part of the Art of Singing—By Andrew Law,
A large quantity of Bonnet Boards,
Folio and quarto post PAPER of the best quality, Black Sand, &c. &c,

March 20, 1810.

FOR SALE,

TWO Tracts of Land lying in Campbell county, one a half mile, the other a mile from the Ohio river; about thirty acres cleared on each tract, with good log cabbins, out houses, springs of water which never fail; the whole land of the first quality—title in fee simple will be made. Whiskey, flour, country linen, horse or negroes taken in payment.

For further information, apply to William Perry, living in Columbia, one mile from the March 13, 1810.

PRINTING

The state of the s

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE, UMBRELLA MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber having pur chased the whole of Mr. Usher' Stock, wishes to inform the pub lie that he carries on the above business extensively in the house lately occupied by Mr. Daniel White, second door below the Branch Bank. He has now on hand an Assortment of Umbrellas and Parasols, manufacture in the neatest manner, and out of

the best materials. Umbreliasrepaired as above, at the shortes t

Richard Marsh, jun. March 13, 1810.

The Kentucky Hotel. THE Subscriber has leased of Mr. Henry Clay, for a term of years, that valuable stand for Clay, for a term of years, that valuable stand for a Tavern, in the town of Lexington, formerly known by the name of Travellers' Hall, where he has opened a Hotel under the above stile.—The situation of this property, on the public square, directly opposite the North East front of the court house, and in the centre of business, gives it peculiar advantages. Great expense has been incurred in repairs and improvements, and in point of space, convenience and comfort the apartments of the house are surpassed by none. A new stable has been erected on the back part of the lot which he ventures to pronounce is the best in the state, which will be under the immediate superintendance of Mr. William T. Banton. He has provided himself with good servants, a plentiful stock of the best liquors, and in short with every necessary calculated to accommodate and render agreeable the time of those who may four him with their custom. accommodate and render agreeable the custom; those who may favor him with their custom; and he trusts that from the attention which he lice and do.—Brown and do.—Green and do.—Coque and he trusts that from the attention which he lice and do.—Brown and do.—Green and do.—Coque and he trusts that from the attention which he lice and do.—Brown and do.—Green and do.—Coque and he trusts that from the attention which he lice and do.—Brown and do.—Green and do.—Coque and he trusts that from the attention which he lice and do.—Brown and do.—Green and do.—Coque and he trusts that from the attention which he lice and do.—Brown and do.—Green and do. means personally to give to every department of his business, he will be found to merit that pat-ronage which he thus presumes to solicit from

Cuthbert Banks Lexington, Jan 1st, 1809

NEW GOODS. JEREMIAH NEAVE Has just received an additional assortment

DRY GOODS. Al o, a fresh supply of GROCERIES.

B RANDIES, Wines, Jamaica Spirits, Glass and Queens Ware, Rhode-Ist-Cheefe, Almonds and Raifins, Imperal, Hylon, Young Hylon & Hylon Skin Teas, White & Brown Havannah Sugars, Currier's Oil and Knives, prime Calf Skins and Boot Legs, Spanita and Bengal Indigo of fuperior quality, 8 by 10 and 10 by 12 Window Glats, an affortment of Trugs, &c. &c. which will be fold on reasonable

A regular supply of P ime Cotton. Wanted, a quanity of Wool, Country October 21. Thread, &c.

To the Public.

THE subscriber having opened a shop on the orner of Limsstone and Water-streets; where he does all kinds of WHIT SMITH's WORK hopes from his knowledge and attention to busi-ness to merit a share of the public patronage. All sorts of plain and ornamental Railings, Grates, Iron Doors, for fire proof buildings, Screws of different kinds, and Smith's work in Screws of different kinds, and Smith's work in order be inserted in some public newspaper in general, executed with neatness and dispatch, on this state for eight weeks successively. he most reasonable terms.

N. B A journeyman and two apprentices

wanting to the above business. Thomas Studman.

NEW GOODS BY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

TROTTFR, SCOTT & Co. PPOSITE THE MARKET HOUSE, LEXING-

Have on hand and are regularly receiving large supplies of
Winter and Spring Goods. Of all descriptions --- unusually low for

Cash in band. One of the firm residing in Philadelphia, for the purpose of purchasing Goods for cash, will enable them to give better bargains than ever have been sold in the state heretofore Lexington, Dec. 17th, 1809.

NOTICE.

Col. Robert Johnston some years since with ut any authority from me, sold to Lewis Craig my proportion which is one fourth of an entry of 10,000 acres now in Jessamine, made in the ame of Benjamm Johnson of Orange. He has in the course of last week, made a second con-tract with the said Lewis Craig, confirming the first as my trustee, pending the settlement of our accounts before the master commissioner of the Fa ette circuit court on a reference in a suit in chancery brought by me against the said Johnston to set aside the deed of trust, and afer an interlocutory decree pronounced by the court in my favor. I have objected to the said sale when exhibited on the said settlement and shall take the proper steps to avoid it. In the mean time I hereby caution all persons from purchasing under the said Lewis Craig. JOHN CRAIG.

Lexington, March 19th, 1810.



STILLS FOR SALE.

THE COPPER AND TIN MANUFACTO-RY OF THE SUBSCRIBER,

WHO has by the late arrivals received a arge assortment of COPPER & TIN, and has engaged from the Eastward, some of the first workmen in his line of business, from which cir-cumstance he can with full confidence assure his friends and the public, that any work done by him will be executed to any done in this State heretoforeby him will be executed in a suferior manner,

N. B. Persons owing the firm of Fishel & Gallaten, are requested to settle their accounts, or they will after thie notice, (if not attended to) entitled to the above reward. be forced. Main street Lexington, 2d Jan'y. 1810.

NEW GOODS.

THOMAS D. OWINGS,

HAS received in addition to his former stock of Merchandize, and is now opening a large as-

DRY GOODS,

Suitable for the present and approaching season Also, TEAS of the best quality, viz. best Gun-powder, Imperial Young Hyson, Hyson Chulon Hyson and Congo—with an assortment of Glass Ware, Queens Ware, Erc. All being bought on the most reasonable terms, will be sold unusually lwo for cash-Lexington, 30th Sept. 1809.

ABNER LEGRAND Has just seccioed from Philadelphia, A LARGE ADDITIONAL SUPPLY OF GOODS,

WHICH HE OFFERS VERY LOW BY WHOLESALE OR RETAIL. Lexington, December 26, 1809.

FANCY CHAIRS.

WILLIAM CHALLEN respectfully informs the public, that he has commenced the FANCY CHAIR making business, in the house lately occupied by Mr. William Huston, on Main street, three doors below Main-Cross street, where he will carry on the above business with neatness and taste;—he flatters him-self that from the long experience that he has had both in London and New York, that his work will please those whomay call on him. He has on hand and makes Black and Gold-White & will be made in the neatest fashions and highly varnished which can be packed to send to any part of the state, without injuring. He likewise makes Windsor Chairs—all orders will be thankfully received and attended to with punctuality and dispatch, and his prices made rea

N.B. Chairs Repaired and Painted, and all kinds of Ornamental Painting and Gilding executed with neatness.

IRON STORE. NEARLY OPPOSITE CROMWELL'S WARE-HOUSE, PITTSBURG.

A LARGE supply of Juniata bar, rolled and slit Iron always on hand—Also cut and hammered nails, manufactured of the same Iron, for sale by
GEORGE ANSHUTZ, jun.

February 8th, 1810.

Orders from western merchants will be trictly attended to.

Harrison Circuit Court, Feb. Term, 1810. THOMAS VANHOOK, Complet- 3 In Chancery

ENGALOW ADAMS & others defts.

This day came the complainant by his counsel,& it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant Engalow Adams is not an in-habitant of this commonwealth, and he having failed to enter his appearance herein agreeably to law and the rules of this court; on motion of of the complainant, it is ordered that the said defendant do appear here on the third day of our next June term, and answer the complainants bill, otherwise the same will be taken a-gainst him for confessed, and that a copy of this

ANDREW MOORE, D. C. H. C. C.

Postlethwait's Tavern,

Lexington, Ky. on Main street, corner of Limest one- street, lately occupied by Mr. J. Wilson.
J. POSTLETH WAIT has returned to his
oldstand, where every exertion shall be used
to accommodate those who please to call on
him. January 20, 1809.

The Noted Running Horse

YOUNG WHIP.

WILL stand the ensuing season, at my sta-ble, eight miles from Lexington & three from Georgetown, in Scott county, and will be let to mares at twenty dollars the season, which may be discharged with exteen, provided the money is paid by the expiration of the season, which will commence the 20th instant and end the 10th of July next; thirty dollars to insure a mare in foal, the money to be considered on demand, as soon as it is ascertained she is in foal or disposed of; or at ten dollars the leap, to be paid when the mare is covered.

Good pasturage, with never failing water, under good fences, gratis; and at the request of the owners, mares shall be grain fed and plentifully salted at four shillings and six pence per week. I will not be liable for accidents or

Young Whip is a beautiful bay, five years old the 8th day of August next, fifteen hands and a half high, possessing great strength and activity, and it is generally thought by all those who have seen him, his equal for beauty and symmetry has seldom, if ever, been seen in America.

PEDIGREE. The dam of Young Whip, Speckleback, by Celar, was out of Avered Mead's famous mare Brandon, and got by the noted imported horse Janus, whose character as a horse of great speed was admitted by all who knew him. Young Whip was got by the imported and celebrated turf horse Whip, Whip by Saltram, and Sakram by Eclipse, who covered at two

hundred guineas the season. Let it now suffice to say, that Young WHIP has descended from a long line of noble ancestry, which may be seen at his stand, by a perusal of the English Racing Calenders, and the pedi-grees of his ancesters, which was, and is yet, supposed to be of the best running stock in England, whose pedigrees have been thought too lengthy to be here inserted.

PERFORMANCE.
YOUNG WHIP, running against the best horses in Kentucky, has won seven races out of eight: one sweepstakes, two matches, and four Jocky Club purses, without losing a single

ABRAHAM BUFORD, WILLIAM B. COOK. March 12, 1810.

Ten Dollars Reward. RAN AWAY from the subscriber on the first day of this month, a negro man named DAVID, of a dark complexion, five feet eight ornine inches high, a little marked with the small pox, about twenty seven or eight years of age; he took a way with him a grey mare; whoever takes up said negro, and will bring him to me, shall be

GEO: TEGARDEN. Lexington, 15th Jan. 1810.

JUST RECEIVED, A FRESH SUPPLY OF ORIGINAL FAMILY MEDICINES. PREPARED BY

RICHARD LEE & SON, WHICH have been in high estimation and general use throughout the U. States, for upwards of ten years. And, it is no inconsiderable evidence of their ptility, that during the above period, numerous imitations of every article (the productions of ignorrace and inexperience, urged by envy and penury) have been intruded on the public, seen for a day and then pershed! Others now succeed them, which in like manner are fast descending to the tomb of the Capulets; while our remedies become more generally used, and acquire a daily accession of deserved celebrity.

Lee's Worm-Destroying Lozenges. This medicine is superior to any ever offered to the public, being innocent and mild, certain and efficacious in its operations. Should no worms exist in the body,

it will, without pain or griping, clenfe the

stomach and bowels of whatever is toul or

offensive, and thereby prevent the produc-

tion of worms and many fatal diforders. Lee's Elixir. A certain remedy for colds, coughs,

ashma's, and particularly the whooping cough, so destructive to children. Lee's Essence of Mustard, So well known for the cure of theuma-

trims, gout, palfy, fprains, &c. &c. Lee's Grand Restorative, Proved by long experience to be unequaled in the cure of nervous diforders, confumptions, lownels of spirits, inward weak-

Lee's Anti-Bilious Pills, For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers.

Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the Itch,

Which is warranted an infallible remedy at one application. Infallible Ague & Fever Drops.

For the cure of agues remittent and intermittent fevers. Lee's Genuine Persian Lotion. Celebrated for the cure of ring worms,

tetters. &c. Lee's Genuine Eye Water. An effectual remedy for all difeafes of

the eyes. Tooth-Ache Drops. Which give immediate relief. Lee's Corn Plaister. Lee's Damask Lip Salve. Restorative Powder for the Teeth

and Gums. The Anodyne Elixir, For the cure of every kind of head-ache-The Indian Vegetable Specific, For the cure of venereal complaints.

Those medicines have come into general use, they are frequently purchased by not only Druggists, but by country store keep-ers fell to again; in order that the purchafers may be confident they have the original genuine Medicines; wherever they purchase they have but to observe that every article of Medicine has on the outwrad wrapper, the figuature of the propri-

Michael Lee & Co. late Richard Lee & Son SOLD BY SCOTT, TROTTER & Co.

LEXINGTON. A liberal discount to those who pur chase to sell again, by directing a line postpaid to Michael Lee & Co. Baltimore.

NATHANIEL PRENT ISS MAKES Boots & Sho..., in the house lately occupied by Messrs. Fishell & Gallatin, nearly opposite Mr. Bradford's office, in such a manner as makes it the interest of the public to give him a portion of their patronage. Shoemakers сан be supplied with Lasts, Boot-trees, &c. &c.

N. B. A lad of respectable connections, ware ted as an apprentice. WANTED.

TWO MUNDRED HOGSHEADS TOBACCO AND TEN THOUSAND GALLONS

WHISKEY, For which the highest going price will be given. Halstead & Meglone.

For Sale.

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, situated en the waters of Green river, in Green county, containing 666 2-3 acres. Negroes or Cotton will be taken in part or whole payment.

The subscribers have also for sale, 6000 lbs.

Coffee, first quality—10 barrels Muscovado and Havannah Sugars of an excellent quality—6 barrels Tanuers Oil—1 hogshead 4th proof Jamaica Rum—1 pipe Cogniae Brandy—1000 gallons old Whiskey; all of which will be sold low for cash or approved notes at 30 and 60

days.

Also Trunks of every size and description, with any kind of Covering; Carpenter's and Joiner's tools, viz. Sash Plains double and single, with prickers and templets, Groving Plains, with and without arms, different sizes, conplete setts of Bench Plains, single and double
ironed, Hallows and Rounds, Moulding Plains of every description Braces and Bitts, &c. &c.

Halstead & Meglone. Opposite the Markett House Lexington, K.

NEGROES WANTED. I wish to Hire thirty Negro Fel-

lows to work at the Little Sandy Salt Works for which a generous price will be given.
ALFRED W. GRAYSON. December 23d, 1809.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY. FOUR GOOD NEGRO WAGGONERS APPLY TO

A. W. Graysone February 25th, 1819.